### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-Q

XQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIESEXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 - For the quarter ended March 31, 2001

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|\_| TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-640

### NL INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey	13-5267260
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

16825 Northchase Drive, Suite 1200, Houston, Texas	77060-2544
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(281) 423-3300

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) had been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No  $\sim$ 

Number of shares of common stock outstanding on May 10, 2001: 49,885,084

### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)

ASSETS	2001	December 31, 2000
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash equivalents Accounts and notes receivable Receivable from affiliates Refundable income taxes Inventories Prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes	\$ 99,709 74,782 161,994 1,522 13,694 186,811 3,694 12,735	214 12,302 205,973 2,458 11,673
Total current assets	554,941	
Other assets: Marketable securities Receivable from affiliate Investment in TiO2 manufacturing joint venture Prepaid pension cost Restricted cash equivalents Other	41, 338 12, 400 148, 241 22, 392 11, 289 4, 440	150,002 22,789 17,942 4,707
Total other assets	240,100	242,626
Property and equipment: Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Mining properties Construction in progress	23,975 123,489 507,932 65,777 8,946	530,920 67,134 4,586
Less accumulated depreciation and depletion	730,119 421,076	,
Net property and equipment	309,043	324,382
	\$1,104,084 =======	\$1,120,788 =======

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

(In thousands)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
Current liabilities: Notes payable Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Payable to affiliates Accrued environmental costs Income taxes Deferred income taxes	\$ 67,096 693 129,871 9,354 59,132 12,223 1,271	\$ 69,970 730 147,877 10,634 53,307 13,616 1,822
Total current liabilities	279,640	297,956
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt Deferred income taxes Accrued environmental costs Accrued pension cost Accrued postretirement benefits cost Other	195,168 149,880 51,655 19,574 28,887 22,439 	195,363 145,673 57,133 21,220 29,404 23,272 472,065
Minority interest	6,851	6,279
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive loss Treasury stock	8,355 777,595 165,615 (201,572) (400,003)	
Total shareholders' equity	349,990	344,488
	\$ 1,104,084 ========	\$ 1,120,788 ========

Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. - 4 -

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

### Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000

## (In thousands, except per share data)

	2001	2000
Revenues and other income: Net sales Litigation settlement gains, net Other, net	\$226,060 10,582 4,849	\$231,009  4,500
Costs and expenses:	241,491	235,509
Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative Interest	149,902 32,322 6,976	
	189,200	200,511
Income before income taxes and minority interest .	52,291	34,998
Income tax expense	17,146	11,199
Income before minority interest	35,145	23,799
Minority interest	586	91
Net income	\$ 34,559 ======	
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$.69 ======	\$.47 ======
Diluted	\$.69 ======	\$.46 ======
Weighted average shares used in the calculation of earnings per share:		
Basic Dilutive impact of stock options	50,079 270	50,920 234
Diluted	50,349 ======	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.  $\$  - 5 -

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

### Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000

## (In thousands)

	2001	2000
Net income	\$ 34,559	\$ 23,708
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: Marketable securities adjustment Currency translation adjustment	(3,802) (15,898)	58 (15,309)
Total other comprehensive loss	(19,700)	(15,251)
Comprehensive income	\$ 14,859 ======	\$   8,457 =======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. - 6 -

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

### Three months ended March 31, 2001

## (In thousands)

		Additional		compreh	ted other hensive (loss)		
	Common stock	paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Currency translation	Marketable securities	Treasury stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$ 8,355	\$ 777,528	\$ 141,073	\$(190,757)	\$ 8,885	\$(400,596)	\$ 344,488
Net income			34,559				34,559
Other comprehensive loss, net				(15,898)	(3,802)		(19,700)
Dividends			(10,017)				(10,017)
Tax benefit of stock options exercised		67					67
Treasury stock - reissued (35 shares)						593	593
Balance at March 31, 2001	\$    8,355 ======	\$ 777,595 =======	\$ 165,615 ======	\$(206,655) =======	\$  5,083 =======	\$(400,003) ======	\$ 349,990 ======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. - 7 -

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000

## (In thousands)

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Depreciation, depletion and amortization Deferred income taxes Distribution from TiO2 manufacturing joint venture Litigation settlement gain, net included in restricted cash. Other, net	\$ 34,559 7,511 7,555 1,500 (10,307) (1,606)	7,875 3,368 3,500
Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts and notes receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income taxes Other, net	(1,348) (14,578)	11,092 (712) (4,145) 4,309
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,270	33,763
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Loan to affiliate Purchase of Tremont Corporation common stock Change in restricted cash equivalents, net Other, net	(5,913) (13,400)  615 280	(6,153)  (9,520) 357 57
Net cash used by investing activities	(18,418)	(15,259)

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### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

### Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000

## (In thousands)

	2001	2000
Cash flows from financing activities: Dividends paid Treasury stock: Purchased Reissued Principal payments on debt	\$ (10,017)  593 (177)	\$ (7,595) (10,331) 317 (89)
Net cash used by financing activities	(9,601)	(17,698)
Cash and cash equivalents: Net change from: Operating, investing and financing activities. Currency translation Balance at beginning of period Balance at end of period	(1,920)	(1,332) 134,224
Supplemental disclosures - cash paid for: Interest Income taxes, net	\$ 1,160 12,319	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. \_ 9 -

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1 - Organization and basis of presentation:

NL Industries, Inc. conducts its titanium dioxide pigments ("TiO2") operations through its wholly owned subsidiary, Kronos, Inc. At March 31, 2001, Valhi, Inc. and Tremont Corporation, each affiliates of Contran Corporation, held approximately 60% and 20%, respectively, of NL's outstanding common stock. At March 31, 2001, Contran and its subsidiaries held approximately 93% of Valhi's outstanding common stock, and a subsidiary of Valhi and NL held approximately 80% of Tremont's outstanding common stock. Substantially all of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held by trusts established for the benefit of certain children and grandchildren of Harold C. Simmons, of which Mr. Simmons is sole trustee. Mr. Simmons, the Chairman of the Board of NL and the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Contran and Valhi and a director of Tremont, may be deemed to control each of such companies. See Notes 6 and 15.

The consolidated balance sheet of NL Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") at December 31, 2000 has been condensed from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements at that date. The consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2001 and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the interim periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 have been prepared by the Company without audit. In the opinion of management all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been made. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for a full year or of future operations.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. Certain prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 (the "2000 Annual Report").

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended, effective January 1, 2001. SFAS No. 133 establishes accounting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. Under SFAS No. 133, all derivatives are recognized as either assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. The accounting for changes in fair value of derivatives is dependent upon the intended use of the derivative. As permitted by the transition requirements of SFAS No. 133, as amended, the Company exempted from the scope of SFAS No. 133 all host contracts containing embedded derivatives which were issued or acquired prior to January 1, 1999. The Company is not a party to any significant derivative or hedging instrument covered by SFAS No. 133 at March 31, 2001, and there was no impact on the Company's financial statements from adopting SFAS No. 133.

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Note 2 - Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and the dilutive impact of outstanding stock options.

### Note 3 - Business segment information:

The Company's operations are conducted by Kronos in one operating business segment - the production and sale of TiO2.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
	(In thou	isands)
Net sales Other income, excluding corporate	\$ 226,060 1,242	\$ 231,009 1,670
	227,302	232,679
Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative,	149,902	159,265
excluding corporate	25,484	27,179
Operating income	51,916	46,235
General corporate income (expense): Securities earnings, net Litigation settlement gains,	2,606	1,718
net and other income Corporate expenses Interest expense	11,583 (6,838) (6,976)	
Income before income taxes and minority interest	\$ 52,291 =======	\$ 34,998 =======

Note 4 - Inventories:

	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(In thou	ısands)
Raw materials Work in process Finished products Supplies	\$ 41,065 8,123 112,676 24,947	\$ 66,061 7,117 107,120 25,675
	\$186,811 =======	\$205,973 =======

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	March 31, D 2001	0ecember 31, 2000
Available-for-sale marketable equity securities:	(In thou	ısands)
Unrealized gains	\$ 11,092 (3,272)	\$ 14,912 (1,244)
Cost	33, 518	33, 518
Aggregate fair value	\$ 41,338 =======	\$ 47,186

#### Note 6 - Receivable from affiliate:

A majority-owned subsidiary of the Company, NL Environmental Management Services, Inc. ("EMS"), loaned \$13.4 million to Tremont under a reducing revolving loan agreement in the first quarter of 2001. See Note 1. The loan was approved by special committees of the Company's and EMS's Board of Directors. The loan bears interest at prime plus 2% (10.5% at March 31, 2001), is due March 31, 2003 and is collateralized by 10.2 million shares of NL common stock owned by Tremont. The amount available for borrowing by Tremont is reduced by \$250,000 per quarter, with the first reduction occurring on June 30, 2001. As a result, \$1 million of the loan is classified as a current asset on March 31, 2001.

Note 7 - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000	
	(In thousands)		
Accounts payable	\$ 49,831	\$ 64,553	
Accrued liabilities: Employee benefits Interest	27,067 10,725	34,160 5,019	
Deferred income Other	4,000	4,000 40,145	
	80,040	83,324	
	\$129,871 =======	\$147,877 =======	

Note 8 - Other noncurrent liabilities:

	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(In th	ousands)
Insurance claims and expenses Employee benefits Deferred income Other	\$10,325 7,920 3,333 861	\$10,314 7,721 4,333 904
	\$22,439 ======	\$23,272 ======

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	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(In th	ousands)
Notes payable - Kronos	\$ 67,096 ======	\$ 69,970 =======
Long-term debt: NL Industries, Inc 11.75% Senior Secured Notes (See Note 13) Kronos	\$194,000 1,861	\$194,000 2,093
Less current maturities	195,861 693	196,093 730
	\$195,168 =======	\$195,363 =======

Notes payable consists of euro 51 million and NOK 200 million at both March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000.

### Note 10 - Income taxes:

The difference between the provision for income tax expense attributable to income before income taxes and minority interest and the amount that would be expected using the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 35% is presented below.

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2001		
	(In tho		
Expected tax expense	\$ 18,302	. ,	
Non-U.S. tax rates Incremental tax on income of companies not included	(1,443)	(991)	
in NL's consolidated U.S. federal income tax return	180	281	
Valuation allowance	(653)	(1,291)	
U.S. state income taxes	195	141	
Other, net	565	810	
Income tax expense	\$ 17,146	\$ 11,199	
	=======	=======	

Note 11 - Litigation settlement gains, net and other income, net:

Litigation settlement gains, net

The Company reached an agreement in January 2001 with the remaining members of the second of two principal former insurance carrier groups to settle certain insurance coverage claims related to environmental remediation. The Company recognized a \$10.3 million net pretax gain in the first quarter of 2001. A majority of the proceeds from this settlement was transferred in April to a special-purpose trust established by the insurance carrier group to pay future remediation and other environmental expenditures of

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the Company. No further material settlements relating to litigation concerning environmental remediation coverage are expected.

The Company also recognized a \$.3 million pretax gain related to another litigation settlement in the first quarter of 2001.

Other income, net

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2001 2000		
	(In thousands)		
Corporate interest and dividend income Currency transaction gains, net Noncompete agreement income Disposition of property and equipment Trade interest income Other, net	\$ 2,606 1,067 1,000 (361) 593 (56)	\$ 1,718 1,241 1,000 (402) 357 586	
	\$ 4,849	\$ 4,500	

Note 12 - Leverkusen fire and insurance claim:

A fire on March 20, 2001 damaged a section of the Company's Leverkusen, Germany 35,000 metric ton sulfate-process TiO2 plant ("Sulfate Plant") and, as a result, production of TiO2 at the Leverkusen facility was halted. The fire did not enter the Company's adjacent 125,000 metric ton chloride-process TiO2 plant ("Chloride Plant"), but did damage certain support equipment necessary to operate that plant. The damage to the support equipment resulted in a temporary shutdown of the Chloride Plant.

On April 8, 2001, repairs to the damaged support equipment were substantially completed and full production resumed at the Chloride Plant. In April, the undamaged section of the Sulfate Plant resumed limited production (5% to 20% of capacity) of an intermediate form of TiO2 ("Hydrated TiO2"). The Hydrated TiO2 is being transported to the Company's Nordenham, Germany sulfate-process TiO2 plant to be further processed and finished into certain grades of TiO2. The Company's ability to produce the Hydrated TiO2 at the Sulfate Plant is limited by the available excess capacity at its Nordenham plant. The Company expects the Sulfate Plant to become 50% to 70% operational in August 2001 and fully operational in October 2001.

The Company believes that the damage to property and the business interruption losses caused by the fire are covered by insurance, but the effect on the financial results of the Company on a quarter-to-quarter basis or a year-to-year basis will depend on the timing and amount of insurance recoveries. No insurance proceeds have been recognized during the first quarter of 2001 for the business interruption portion of the loss because the amount of such proceeds is presently not determinable. No provision for impairment of the damaged fixed assets has been recognized because the Company believes the insurance proceeds will exceed their carrying value.

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Note 13 - Condensed consolidating financial information:

The Company's 11.75% Senior Secured Notes are collateralized by a series of intercompany notes to NL (the "Parent Issuer"). The Notes are also collateralized by a first priority lien on the stock of Kronos. A second priority lien on the stock of NL Capital Corporation ("NLCC") collateralized the notes until February 2000, at which time it was merged into KII and became included in the first priority lien on the stock of Kronos.

In the event of foreclosure, the holders of the Notes would have access to the consolidated assets, earnings and equity of the Company. The Company believes the collateralization of the Notes, as described above, is the functional economic equivalent of a joint and several, full and unconditional guarantee of the Notes by Kronos and, prior to its merger into KII, NLCC.

Management believes that separate financial statements would not provide additional material information that would be useful in assessing the financial position of Kronos and NLCC (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). In lieu of providing separate financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiaries, the Company has included condensed consolidating financial information of the Parent Issuer, Guarantor Subsidiaries and non-guarantor subsidiaries in accordance with Rule 3-10 (e) of the SEC's Regulation S-X. The Guarantor Subsidiaries and the non-guarantor subsidiaries comprise all of the direct and indirect subsidiaries of the Parent Issuer.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by NL under the equity method, wherein the parent company's share of earnings is included in net income. Elimination entries eliminate (i) the parent's investments in subsidiaries and the equity in earnings of subsidiaries, (ii) intercompany payables and receivables and (iii) other transactions between subsidiaries.

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet March 31, 2001 (In thousands)

ASSETS	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash equivalents Accounts and notes receivable Receivable from affiliates Refundable income taxes Inventories Prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes	\$ 3,361 74,782 10,953 11,985 10,557  382 7,315	\$ 45,860  150,968  3,137 186,811 3,312 5,420	\$ 50,488  73 1,311    	\$  (11,774)    	\$ 99,709 74,782 161,994 1,522 13,694 186,811 3,694 12,735
Total current assets	119,335	395,508	51,872	(11,774)	554,941
Other assets: Investment in subsidiaries Marketable securities Notes receivable from affiliates Investment in TiO2 manufacturing joint venture Prepaid pension cost Restricted cash equivalents Other	695,105 492 194,000  1,879 11,289 1,615	  301,695 148,241 20,513  2,825	285 40,846 35,400    	(695,390)  (518,695)     	41,338 12,400 148,241 22,392 11,289 4,440
Total other assets	904,380	473,274	76,531	(1,214,085)	240,100
Property and equipment, net	4,251	304,792			309,043
	\$ 1,027,966 ========	\$ 1,173,574 =======	\$ 128,403	\$(1,225,859) ========	\$ 1,104,084 =========

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet, (Continued) March 31, 2001 (In thousands)

	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable	\$	\$ 67,096	\$	\$	\$ 67,096
Current maturities of long-term debt		693			693
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	35,820	101,481	51,702		189,003
Payable to affiliates	9,648	10,859	621	(11,774)	9,354
Income taxes		12,222	1		12,223
Deferred income taxes		1,271			1,271
Total current liabilities	45,468	193,622	52,324	(11,774)	279,640
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term debt	194,000	1,168			195,168
Notes payable to affiliate	324,695	194,000		(518,695)	
Deferred income taxes	76,361	74,592	(1,073)		149,880
Accrued pension cost	1,442	18,132			19,574
Accrued postretirement benefits cost	14,983	13,904			28,887
Other	21,027	16,466	36,601		74,094
Total noncurrent liabilities	632,508	318,262	35,528	(518,695)	467,603
Minority interest		290	6,561		6,851
Shareholders' equity	349,990	661,400	33,990	(695,390)	349,990
	\$ 1,027,966 ========	\$ 1,173,574 =======	\$ 128,403 ========	\$(1,225,859) ========	\$ 1,104,084 =========

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2000 (In thousands)

ASSETS	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Current assets:	\$ 3,632	\$ 52,979	\$ 63,767	\$	\$ 120,378
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash equivalents	φ 3,032 69,242	φ 52,979 	ъ 03,707 	φ	\$ 120,378 69,242
Accounts and notes receivable	172	131,295	73		131,540
Receivable from affiliates	6,189		216	(6,191)	214
Refundable income taxes	10,512	1,790		(0,191)	12,302
Inventories		205,973			205,973
Prepaid expenses	347	2,111			2,458
Deferred income taxes	6,394	5,279			11,673
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·····
Total current assets	96,488	399,427	64,056	(6,191)	553,780
Other assets: Investment in subsidiaries	697 200		285	(607 505)	
Marketable securities	687,300 452		46,734	(687,585)	47,186
Notes receivable from affiliates	452 194,000	301,695	23,000	(518,695)	47,100
Investment in TiO2 manufacturing joint ventur	,	150,002	23,000	(510,095)	150,002
Prepaid pension cost	1,772	21,017			22,789
Restricted cash equivalents	17,942				17,942
Other	1,739	2,968			4,707
Total other assets	903,205	475,682	70,019	(1,206,280)	242,626
Property and equipment, net	4,425	319,957			324,382
	\$ 1,004,118 =======	\$ 1,195,066 =========	\$ 134,075 ========	\$(1,212,471) =========	\$ 1,120,788 =========

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet, (Continued) December 31, 2000 (In thousands)

	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable	\$	¢ 00,010	\$	\$	\$ 69,970
Current maturities of long-term debt		730			730
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	29,144	123,555	48,485		201,184
Payable to affiliates	2,140	14,073	612	(6,191)	10,634
Income taxes		13,604	12		13,616
Deferred income taxes		1,822			1,822
Total current liabilities	31,284	223,754	49,109	(6,191)	297,956
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term debt	194,000	1,363			195,363
Notes payable to affiliate	324,695	194,000		(518,695)	195, 303
Deferred income taxes	70,985	73,699	989	(310,033)	145,673
Accrued pension cost	1,438	19,782			21,220
Accrued postretirement benefits cost	15,039	14,365			29,404
Other	22,189	16,511	41,705		80,405
Total noncurrent liabilities	628 246	210 720	42 604		472 065
Total honcurrent flabilities	628,346	319,720	42,694	(518,695)	472,065
Minority interest		299	5,980		6,279
Shareholders' equity	344,488	651,293	36,292	(687,585)	344,488
	\$ 1,004,118	\$ 1,195,066 ========	\$ 134,075	\$(1,212,471) =========	\$ 1,120,788 =========

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income Three months ended March 31, 2001 (In thousands)

	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and other income: Net sales Interest and dividends Equity in income of subsidiaries Litigation settlement gains, net Other income, net	\$ 7,140 37,477 10,582 1,001	\$ 226,060 6,595   649	\$ 1,559  -  	\$ (12,095) (37,477)  	\$ 226,060 3,199  10,582 1,650
Costs and expenses: Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative Interest	56,200  6,641 12,162 	233,304 149,902 26,215 6,909 	1,559 	(49,572) 	241, 491  149, 902 32, 322 6, 976  189, 200
Income before income taxes and minority interest Income tax expense Income before minority interest		50,278 14,308 	2,093  2,093	(37,477)  (37,477)	52,291 17,146 
Minority interest	\$ 34,559	5  \$ 35,965	581  \$ 1,512	(,  \$ (37, 477)	586  \$ 34,559

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income Three months ended March 31, 2000 (In thousands)

	NL Industries, Inc.	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and other income: Net sales Interest and dividends Equity in income of subsidiaries Other income, net	\$ 7,634 73,153 1,112	\$ 231,009 5,800  1,313	\$ 1,400  	\$ (12,759) (73,153) 	\$ 231,009 2,075  2,425
	81,899	238,122	1,400	(85,912)	235,509
Costs and expenses: Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative Interest	5,031 12,567	159,265 27,942 8,048	417 	(12,759)	159,265 33,390 7,856
	17,598	195,255	417	(12,759)	200,511
Income before income taxes and minority interest Income tax expense (benefit)	64,301 40,593	42,867 (29,394)	983	(73,153)	34,998 11,199
	23,708	72,261	983	(73,153)	23,799
Minority interest	 	21	70 	 	91
Net income	\$    23,708 ======	\$    72,240 =======	\$	\$ (73,153) =======	\$    23,708 ========

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Three months ended March 31, 2001 (In thousands)

	NL Industries, Inc.	Kronos, Inc.			Consolidated	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$6,896	\$ 10,608	\$ 124	\$ (8,358)	\$ 9,270	
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Loan to Tremont Corporation Change in restricted cash Other, net	 2,257 	(5,913)  -280	(13,400)  	 (1,642) 	(5,913) (13,400) 615 280	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	2,257	(5,633)	(13,400)	(1,642)	(18,418)	
Cash flows from financing activities: Treasury stock reissued Dividends, net Principal payments on debt	593 (10,017) 	(10,000) (177)		 10,000 	593 (10,017) (177)	
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(9,424)	(10,177)		10,000	(9,601)	
Cash and cash equivalents: Net change from: Operating, investing and financing activities Currency translation	(271) 	(5,202) (1,917)	(13,276) (3)		(18,749) (1,920)	
Balance at beginning of year	(271) 3,632	(7,119) 52,979	(13,279) 63,767		(20,669) 120,378	
Balance at end of year	\$    3,361 ======	\$   45,860	\$    50,488 =======	\$ ========	\$    99,709 ======	

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### NL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Three months ended March 31, 2000 (In thousands)

	NL Combined Industries, Guaranto Inc. Subsidiar		Combined Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 25,429	\$ 36,104	\$ 230	\$ (28,000)	\$ 33,763	
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Purchase of Tremont Corporation common stock Change in restricted cash Loans to affiliates Other, net	(9,520) 357  	(6,153)   (64,277) 57	  68,000 	(3,723) 	(6,153) (9,520) 357  57	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(9,163)	(70,373)	68,000	(3,723)	(15,259)	
Cash flows from financing activities: Treasury stock: Purchased Reissued Dividends, net Principal payments on debt Loans from affiliates	(10, 331) 317 (7, 595)  (3, 723)	(28,000) (89) 	   	28,000  3,723	(10,331) 317 (7,595) (89) 	
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(21,332)	(28,089)		31,723	(17,698)	
Cash and cash equivalents: Net change from: Operating, investing and financing activities Currency translation	(5,066) 	(62,358) (1,329)	68,230 (3)		806 (1,332)	
Balance at beginning of year	(5,066) 13,415	(63,687) 113,062	68,227 7,747		(526) 134,224	
Balance at end of year	\$     8,349 ======	\$    49,375 ======	\$    75,974 ======	\$ =======	\$ 133,698 =======	

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Note 14 - Commitments and contingencies:

For descriptions of certain legal proceedings, income tax and other commitments and contingencies related to the Company, reference is made to (i) Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, (ii) Part II, Item 1 - "Legal Proceedings" and (iii) the 2000 Annual Report.

#### Note 15 - Subsequent event:

In May 2001, a wholly owned subsidiary of EMS loaned \$20 million to the Harold C. Simmons Family Trust #2 (the "Trust"), one of the trusts described in Note 1, under a new \$25 million revolving credit agreement. The Trust owns 16,855 shares, or approximately 43%, of Contran's outstanding Class A voting common stock. The loan was approved by special committees of the Company's and EMS's Board of Directors. The loan bears interest at prime (7.5% at the time of the loan), is due on demand with 60 days notice and is collateralized by 15,768 shares of the Contran Class A common stock held by the Trust.

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#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended March 31,		% Change
	2001	2000	
	percent	ons, except ages and c tons)	:
Net sales and operating income			
Net sales	\$226.1	\$231.0	- 2%
Operating income	\$ 51.9	\$ 46.2	+12%
Operating income margin percentage	23%	20%	
TiO2 operating statistics Percent change in average selling prices			
(in billing currencies)			+5%
Sales volume (metric tons in thousands)	103	111	- 7%
Production volume (metric tons in thousands)	108	106	+2%

Kronos' operating income in the first quarter of 2001 increased \$5.7 million or 12% from the first quarter of 2000 due to higher average selling prices in billing currencies and higher production volume, partially offset by lower sales volume.

Kronos' average selling price in billing currencies (which excludes the effects of foreign currency translation) during the first quarter of 2001 was 5% higher than the first quarter of 2000 and 1% lower than the fourth quarter of 2000. Compared to the fourth quarter of 2000, prices were lower in all major markets. The average selling price in billing currencies in March was 1% lower than the average selling price during the first quarter. Market conditions in the TiO2 industry have generally stalled the Company's efforts to increase prices. The Company believes worldwide economic conditions will determine whether any price increases will be realized during the remainder of the year.

Kronos' first-quarter 2001 sales volume decreased 7% from the record first quarter of 2000 and increased 11% from the fourth quarter of 2000. Sales volume in the first quarter of 2001 was 7% and 11% lower in Europe and North America, respectively, compared to the first quarter of 2000 while export volume increased by 7%. Compared to the fourth quarter of 2000, sales volume increased by more than 10% in each of Kronos' major markets. Finished goods inventory levels at the end of March increased slightly from December 2000 levels and represent about two months of sales.

First-quarter 2001 production volume was 2% higher than the comparable 2000 period with operating rates near full capacity in both periods. Production at the Company's Leverkusen facility was adversely affected late in the first quarter by a fire on March 20, 2001. See Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Production rates at the Company's Leverkusen chloride-process plant returned to full capacity on April 8th, and the Company's Leverkusen sulfate-process plant is expected to be 50% to 70% operational in August 2001 and fully operational in October 2001.

The Company believes that the damage to property and the business interruption losses caused by the fire are covered by insurance, but the effect on the financial results of the Company on a quarter-to-quarter basis or a year-to-year basis will depend on the timing and amount of insurance recoveries. No insurance

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proceeds have been recognized during the first quarter of 2001 for the business interruption portion of the loss because the amount of such proceeds is presently not determinable. No provision for impairment of the damaged fixed assets has been recognized because the Company believes the insurance proceeds will exceed their carrying value.

Kronos anticipates its TiO2 sales and production volumes for full-year 2001 will be lower than that of 2000, in part due to the effect of the fire. Kronos expects its full-year 2001 operating income, excluding fire- related insurance recoveries, will be lower than 2000 primarily because of lower sales and production volumes and higher costs, particularly for energy. Although the Company believes its average selling price in billing currencies could continue a downward trend throughout the rest of 2001, it expects its average selling price for full-year 2001 to be only slightly below the full-year average price in 2000.

Kronos' cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased in the first quarter of 2001 primarily due to higher average selling prices in billing currencies and higher production volume. Excluding the effects of foreign currency translation, which decreased the Company's expenses in the first quarter of 2001 compared to year-earlier period, the Company's selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding corporate expenses, in the first quarter of 2001 were comparable to the first quarter of 2000.

A significant amount of Kronos' sales and operating costs are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies, primarily a stronger U.S. dollar compared to the euro in the first quarter of 2001 versus the year-earlier period, decreased the dollar value of sales in the first quarter of 2001 by a net \$11 million compared to the first quarter of 2000. When translated from billing currencies to U.S. dollars using currency exchange rates prevailing during the respective periods, Kronos' first-quarter 2001 average selling price in U.S. dollars was approximately 1% higher than in the first quarter of 2000 and 2% higher than the fourth quarter of 2000. The effect of the stronger U.S. dollar on Kronos' operating costs that are not denominated in U.S. dollars reduced operating costs in the 2001 period compared to the year-earlier period. In addition, sales to export markets are typically denominated in U.S. dollars and a stronger U.S. dollar improves margins on these sales at the Company's non-U.S. subsidiaries. The favorable margin on export sales tends to offset the unfavorable effect of translating local currency profits to U.S. dollars when the dollar is stronger. As a result, the net impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations on operating income in the first quarter of 2001 was not significant when compared to the first quarter of 2000.

#### General corporate

The following table sets forth certain information regarding general corporate income (expense).

	Three months ended March 31,		Difference	
	2001	2000		
	(In mil	llions)		
Securities earnings Corporate income Corporate expense Interest expense	\$ 2.6 11.6 (6.8) (7.0)	\$ 1.7 1.1 (6.1) (7.9)	\$ .9 10.5 (.7) .9	
	\$.4 ======	\$ (11.2) ======	\$ 11.6 =======	

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Corporate income in the first quarter of 2001 includes \$10.6 million of net insurance settlement gains, including a \$10.3 million net gain from a settlement with the remaining members of the second of the Company's two principal former insurance carrier groups. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. No further material settlements relating to litigation concerning environmental remediation coverage are expected.

Corporate expense was higher in the first quarter of 2001 primarily due to higher environmental remediation accruals and higher legal fees.

Interest expense in the first quarter of 2001 decreased 11% from the comparable period in 2000 primarily due to lower average interest rates as a result of the December 2000 refinancing of \$50 million of the Company's high fixed-rate public debt with lower variable-rate bank debt and lower levels of outstanding debt. The Company expects its full-year 2001 interest expense will be lower than 2000.

### Provision for income taxes

The Company reduced its deferred income tax valuation allowance by \$.7 million in the first quarter of 2001 and \$1.3 million in the first quarter of 2000 primarily as a result of utilization of certain tax attributes for which the benefit had not been previously recognized under the "more-likely-than-not" recognition criteria.

#### 0ther

Minority interest primarily relates to the Company's majority-owned environmental management subsidiary, NL Environmental Management Services, Inc. ("EMS").

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's consolidated cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 are presented below.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
	(In millions)	
Net cash provided (used) by: Operating activities: Before changes in assets and liabilities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 39.2 (29.9)	\$ 37.0 (3.2)
Investing activities Financing activities	(18.4)	33.8 (15.3) (17.7)
Net cash provided (used) by operating, investing, and financing activies	\$ (18.7) =======	\$.8 ======

#### Operating activities

The TiO2 industry is cyclical and changes in economic conditions within the industry significantly affect the earnings and operating cash flows of the Company. Cash flow from operations, before changes in assets

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and liabilities, in the 2001 period increased slightly from the comparable period in 2000 primarily due to higher operating income, partially offset by lower cash distributions from the Company's TiO2 manufacturing joint venture. The net cash used to fund changes in the Company's inventories, receivables and payables (excluding the effect of currency translation) in the first quarter of 2001 was significantly higher than the first quarter of 2000 due to higher accounts receivable balances and decreases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the first quarter of 2001.

#### Investing activities

In February 2001, EMS loaned \$13.4 million to Tremont under a reducing revolving loan agreement. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The loan was approved by special committees of the Company's and EMS's Board of Directors. The maximum amount available under the agreement is \$13.4 million, which will decrease by \$250,000 each quarter beginning June 30, 2001. The loan bears interest at prime plus 2% (10.5% at March 31, 2001), is due March 31, 2003 and is collateralized by 10.2 million shares of NL common stock owned by Tremont.

In May 2001, a wholly owned subsidiary of EMS loaned \$20 million to the Harold C. Simmons Family Trust #2 (the "Trust"), one of the trusts described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, under a new \$25 million revolving credit agreement. The Trust owns 16,855 shares, or approximately 43%, of Contran's outstanding Class A voting common stock. The loan was approved by special committees of the Company's and EMS's Board of Directors. The loan bears interest at prime (7.5% at the time of the loan), is due on demand with 60 days notice and is collateralized by 15,768 shares of the Contran Class A common stock held by the Trust.

#### Financing activities

In the first quarter of 2001, the Company paid a regular quarterly dividend to shareholders of \$.20 per share, aggregating \$10 million. On May 9, 2001, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$.20 per share to shareholders of record as of June 13, 2001 to be paid on June 27, 2001.

Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash equivalents and borrowing availability

At March 31, 2001, the Company had cash and cash equivalents aggregating \$100 million (\$39 million held by non-U.S. subsidiaries) and an additional \$86 million of restricted cash equivalents held by U.S. subsidiaries, of which \$11 million was classified as a noncurrent asset. The Company's subsidiaries had \$15 million available for borrowing at March 31, 2001 under existing non-U.S. credit facilities.

#### Income tax contingencies

Certain of the Company's tax returns in various U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions are being examined and tax authorities have proposed or may propose tax deficiencies, including interest.

The Company has received tax assessments from the Norwegian tax authorities proposing tax deficiencies, including related interest, of approximately NOK 40 million (\$4.3 million at March 31, 2001) pertaining to 1994 and 1996. The Company is currently litigating the primary issue related to the 1994 assessment, and in February 2001 the Norwegian Appeals Court ruled in favor of the Norwegian tax authorities.

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The Company has appealed the case to the Norwegian Supreme Court and believes that the outcome of the 1996 case is dependent on the eventual outcome of the 1994 case. The Company has granted a lien on its Fredrikstad, Norway TiO2 plant in favor of the Norwegian tax authorities.

The Company has received preliminary tax assessments for the years 1991 to 1997 from the Belgian tax authorities proposing tax deficiencies, including related interest, of approximately euro 12.9 million (\$11.4 million at March 31, 2001). The Company has filed protests to the assessments for the years 1991 to 1996 and expects to file a protest for 1997. The Company is in discussions with the Belgian tax authorities and believes that a significant portion of the assessments are without merit.

No assurance can be given that the Company's tax matters will be favorably resolved due to the inherent uncertainties involved in court and tax proceedings. The Company believes that it has provided adequate accruals for additional taxes and related interest expense which may ultimately result from all such examinations and believes that the ultimate disposition of such examinations should not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

#### Environmental matters and litigation

The Company has been named as a defendant, potentially responsible party ("PRP"), or both, in a number of legal proceedings associated with environmental matters, including waste disposal sites, mining locations and facilities currently or previously owned, operated or used by the Company, certain of which are on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (the "U.S. EPA") Superfund National Priorities List or similar state lists. On a quarterly basis, the Company evaluates the potential range of its liability at sites where it has been named as a PRP or defendant, including sites for which EMS has contractually assumed the Company's obligation. The Company believes it has adequate accruals (\$111 million at March 31, 2001) for reasonably estimable costs of such matters, but the Company's ultimate liability may be affected by a number of factors, including changes in remedial alternatives and costs and the allocations of such costs among PRPs. It is not possible to estimate the range of costs for certain sites. The upper end of the range of reasonably possible costs to the Company for sites for which it is possible to estimate costs is approximately \$170 million. The Company's estimates of such liabilities have not been discounted to present value, and the Company has not recognized any potential insurance recoveries. No assurance can be given that actual costs will not exceed either accrued amounts or the upper end of the range for sites for which nestimate presently can be made. The imposition of more stringent standards or requirements under environmental laws or regulations, new developments or changes with respect to site sate of the range of hazardous substances at other sites, could result in expenditures in excess of amounts currently estimated by the Company to be required for such matters. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that additional environmental matters will not arise in the future.

#### Lead pigment litigation

The Company is also a defendant in a number of legal proceedings seeking damages for personal injury and property damage arising out of the sale of lead pigments and lead-based paints. There is no assurance that the Company will not incur future liability in respect of this pending litigation in view of the inherent uncertainties involved in court and jury rulings in pending and possible future cases. However, based on, among other things, the results of such litigation to date, the Company believes that the pending lead

pigment and paint litigation is without merit. The Company has not accrued any amounts for such pending litigation. Liability that may result, if any, cannot reasonably be estimated. In addition, various legislation and administrative regulations have, from time to time, been enacted or proposed that seek to (a) impose various obligations on present and former manufacturers of lead pigment and lead-based paint with respect to asserted health concerns associated with the use of such products and (b) effectively overturn court decisions in which the Company and other pigment manufacturers have been successful. Examples of such proposed legislation include bills which would permit civil liability for damages on the basis of market share, rather than requiring plaintiffs to prove that the defendant's product caused the alleged damage, and bills which would revive actions barred by the statute of limitations. The Company currently believes the disposition of all claims and disputes, individually and in the aggregate, should not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. There can be no assurance that additional matters of these types will not arise in the future. See Item 1 - "Legal Proceedings."

#### **O**ther

The Company periodically evaluates its liquidity requirements, alternative uses of capital, capital needs and availability of resources in view of, among other things, its debt service and capital expenditure requirements and estimated future operating cash flows. As a result of this process, the Company in the past has sought, and in the future may seek, to reduce, refinance, repurchase or restructure indebtedness; raise additional capital; issue additional securities; repurchase shares of its common stock; modify its dividend policy; restructure ownership interests; sell interests in subsidiaries or other assets; or take a combination of such steps or other steps to manage its liquidity and capital resources. In the normal course of its business, the Company may review opportunities for the acquisition, divestiture, joint venture or other business combinations in the chemicals or other industries, as well as the acquisition of interests in, and loans to, related companies. In the event of any acquisition or joint venture transaction, the Company may consider using available cash, issuing equity securities or increasing its indebtedness to the extent permitted by the agreements governing the Company's existing debt.

#### Special note regarding forward-looking statements

The statements contained in this Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") which are not historical facts, including, but not limited to, statements found under the captions "Results of Operations" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above, are forward-looking statements that represent management's beliefs and assumptions based on currently available information. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "believes," "intends," "may," "will," "should," "anticipates," "expects," or comparable terminology or by discussions of strategy or trends. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it cannot give any assurances that these expectations will prove to be correct. Such statements by their nature involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the cyclicality of the titanium dioxide industry, global economic and political conditions, global productive capacity, customer inventory levels, changes in product pricing, changes in product costing, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, competitive technology positions, operating interruptions (including, but not limited to, labor disputes, leaks, fires, explosions, unscheduled downtime and transportation interruptions), recoveries from insurance claims and the timing thereof, the ultimate resolution of pending or possible future lead pigment litigation and legislative developments related to the lead paint litigation, the outcome of other litigation, and other risks and uncertainties included in this Quarterly Report and in the 2000 Annual Report, and the uncertainties set forth from time to time in the Company's other public reports and filings. Should one or more of these risks materialize (or the consequences of such a development worsen), or should the underlying

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assumptions prove incorrect, actual results could differ materially from those forecasted or expected. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly or revise such statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Reference is made to the 2000 Annual Report for descriptions of certain previously reported legal proceedings.

Jackson, et al. v. The Glidden Co., et al. (No. 236835). In March 2001 the trial court denied plaintiffs' motion for class certification.

State of Rhode Island v. Lead Industries Association, et al. (No. 99-5226). In April 2001 the trial court dismissed all claims for special education costs; granted defendants' motions to dismiss the equitable-relief-to-children claim, the Unfair Trade Practices Act claim except insofar as it seeks to recover damages for post-1970 conduct, and the strict liability, negligence and misrepresentation claims except insofar as they relate to state-owned buildings; and denied defendants' motions to dismiss the public nuisance, civil conspiracy, unjust enrichment, and indemnity claims.

City of St. Louis v. Lead Industries Association, et al. (No. 002-245). In March 2001 the federal court remanded the case to state court.

County of Santa Clara v. Atlantic Richfield Company, et al. (No. CV788657). In March 2001 defendants renewed their demurrers and motions to strike all claims. The court has not ruled.

Lewis, et al. v. Lead Industries Association, et al. (No. CH09800). In March 2001 defendants moved to dismiss all claims. The court has not ruled.

Borden, et al. v. The Sherwin Williams Company, et al. (No. 2000-587). In March 2001 defendants removed to Federal court and moved to dismiss the fraudulent concealment and misrepresentation and negligence claims. In April 2001 plaintiffs moved to remand to State court.

In April 2001 a complaint was filed in City of Milwaukee v. NL Industries, Inc. and Mautz Paint (Circuit Court, Civil Division, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, Case No. 01CV003066). Plaintiff seeks compensatory and equitable relief for lead hazards in Milwaukee homes, restitution for amounts it has spent to abate lead, and punitive damages. The complaint asserts public nuisance, restitution, and conspiracy claims against the Company. The Company has not been served. The Company intends to deny all allegations of wrongdoing and liability and to defend itself vigorously.

In April 2001 a complaint was filed in Harris County, Texas v. Lead Industries Association, et al. (No. 2001-21413). The complaint seeks actual and punitive damages and asserts the Company, six other former manufacturers of lead pigment and a trade association are jointly and severally liable for past and future damages due to the presence of lead paint in County-owned buildings. The Complaint asserts claims for strict liability, negligence, fraudulent misrepresentation, negligent misrepresentation, concert of action, public

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nuisance, restitution, and conspiracy. The Company has not been served. The Company intends to deny all allegations of wrongdoing and liability and to defend itself vigorously.

It is possible that other governmental entities or other plaintiffs may file claims related to lead pigment and paint similar to those described above and in the 2000 Annual Report.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Company held its Annual Meeting of Shareholders on May 9, 2001. All the nominees for director were elected with the voting results for each as follows:

Director	Shares For	Shares Withheld	
Mr. J. Landis Martin	48,783,251	406,332	
Mr. Kenneth R. Peak	48,891,042	298,541	
Mr. Glenn R. Simmons	48,777,982	411,601	
Mr. Harold C. Simmons	48,813,024	376,559	
General Thomas P. Stafford	48,855,904	333,679	
Mr. Steven L. Watson	48,795,275	394,308	
Dr. Lawrence A. Wigdor	48,828,367	361,216	

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

10.1 - Intercorporate Services Agreement by and between Contran Corporation and the Registrant effective as of January 1, 2001.

10.2 - Intercorporate Services Agreement by and between Tremont Corporation and the Registrant effective as of January 1, 2001.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

There were no Reports on Form 8-K filed during the quarter ended March 31, 2001 and through the date of this report:

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# NL INDUSTRIES, INC. (Registrant)

Date: May 10, 2001	Ву	/s/ Susan E. Alderton
		Susan E. Alderton Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
Date: May 10, 2001	Ву	/s/ Robert D. Hardy
		Robert D. Hardy Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

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#### INTERCORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT

This INTERCORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT (the "Agreement"), effective as of January 1, 2001, amends and supersedes (i) that certain Intercorporate Services Agreement effective as of January 1, 2000 between CONTRAN CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation ("Contran"), and NL INDUSTRIES, INC., a New Jersey corporation ("NL") and (ii) that certain Intercorporate Services Agreement effective as of January 1, 2000 between VALHI, INC., a Delaware corporation, and NL.

#### Recitals

A. NL desires to have the services of certain Contran personnel and Contran is willing to provide such services under the terms of this Agreement.

B. Contran desires to have the services of certain NL personnel and NL is willing to provide such services under the terms of this Agreement.

C. The costs of maintaining the additional personnel necessary to perform the functions provided for by this Agreement would exceed the amount charged to such party that is contained in the net fee set forth in Section 4 of this Agreement and that the terms of this Agreement are no less favorable to each party than could otherwise be obtained from a third party for comparable services.

D. Each party desires to continue receiving the services presently provided by the other party and its affiliates and each party is willing to continue to provide such services under the terms of this Agreement.

#### Agreement

For and in consideration of the mutual premises, representations and covenants contained in this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto mutually agree as follows:

Section 1. Contran Services to be Provided. Contran agrees to make available to NL, upon request, the following services (the "Contran Services") to be rendered by the internal staff of Contran and affiliates of Contran:

(a) Consultation and assistance in the development and implementation of NL's corporate business strategies, plans and objectives;

(b) Consultation and assistance in management and conduct of corporate affairs and corporate governance consistent with the charter and bylaws of NL;

(c) Consultation and assistance in maintenance of financial records and controls, including preparation and review of periodic financial statements and reports to be filed with public and regulatory entities and those required to be prepared for financial institutions or pursuant to indentures and credit agreements;

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(d) Consultation and assistance in cash management and in arranging financing necessary to implement the business plans of NL;

(e) Consultation and assistance in tax management and administration, including, without limitation, preparation and filing of tax returns, tax reporting, examinations by government authorities and tax planning; and

(f) Such other services as may be requested by NL from time to time.

Section 2. NL Services to be Provided. NL agrees to make available to Contran, upon request, the following services (the "NL Services," and collectively with the Contran Services, the "Services") to be rendered by the internal staff of NL:

(a) certain administration and management services with respect to Contran's insurance and risk management needs, including, without limitations, administration of Contran's:

- (i) property and casualty insurance program,
- (ii) claims management program,
- (iii) property loss control program, and
- (b) Such other  $% \left( {{{\bf{S}}_{{\rm{c}}}}} \right)$  services as may be requested by Contran from time to time.

This Agreement does not apply to, and the Services provided for herein do not include, any services that Harold C. Simmons, Glenn R. Simmons or Steven L. Watson may provide to Recipient in their roles members of Recipient's board of directors or any other activity related to such board of directors.

Section 3. Miscellaneous Services. It is the intent of the parties hereto that each party to this Agreement provide (a "Providing Party") only such

Services as are requested by the other party (a "Receiving Party") in connection with routine management, financial and administrative functions related to the ongoing operations of the Receiving Party and not with respect to special projects, including corporate investments, acquisitions and divestitures. The parties hereto contemplate that the Services rendered by a Providing Party in connection with the conduct of each Receiving Party's business will be on a scale compared to that existing on the effective date of this Agreement, adjusted for internal corporate growth or contraction, but not for major corporate acquisitions or divestitures, and that adjustments may be required to the terms of this Agreement in the event of such major corporate acquisitions, divestitures or special projects. Each Receiving Party will continue to bear all other costs required for outside services including, but not limited to, the outside services of attorneys, auditors, trustees, consultants, transfer agents and registrars, and it is expressly understood that each Providing Party assumes no liability for any expenses or services other than those stated in this Agreement to be provided by such party. In addition to the amounts charged to a Receiving Party for Services provided pursuant to this Agreement, such Receiving Party will pay the Providing Party the amount of out-of-pocket costs incurred by the Providing Party in rendering such Services.

Section 4. Net Fee for Services. NL agrees to pay to Contran a net annual fee of \$1,195,000 payable in quarterly installments of \$298,750 each, commencing as of January 1, 2001, pursuant to this Agreement. In addition to the net annual fee:

(a) Contran shall credit or pay to NL additional amounts plus all related out-of-pocket costs, all as agreed to by the parties, for all NL Services provided under Subsection 2(b); and

(b) NL shall credit or pay to Contran additional amounts plus all related out-of-pocket costs, all as agreed to by the parties, for all Contran Services provided under Subsection 1(f).

Section 5. Original Term. Subject to the provisions of Section 6 hereof, the original term of this Agreement shall be from January 1, 2001 to December 31, 2001.

Section 6. Extensions. This Agreement shall be extended on a quarter-to-quarter basis after the expiration of its original term unless written notification is given by Contran or NL thirty (30) days in advance of the first day of each successive quarter or unless it is superseded by a subsequent written agreement of the parties hereto.

Section 7. Limitation of Liability. In providing Services hereunder, each Providing Party shall have a duty to act, and to cause its agents to act, in a reasonably prudent manner, but no Providing Party nor any officer, director, employee or agent of such party nor or its affiliates shall be liable to a Receiving Party for any error of judgment or mistake of law or for any loss incurred by the Receiving Party in connection with the matter to which this Agreement relates, except a loss resulting from willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of the Providing Party.

Section 8. Indemnification. Each Receiving Party shall indemnify and hold harmless the Providing Party, its affiliates and their respective officers, directors and employees from and against any and all losses, liabilities, claims, damages, costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees and other expenses of litigation) to which such Providing Party or person may become subject arising out of the Services provided by such Providing Party to the Receiving Party hereunder, provided that such indemnity shall not protect any person against any liability to which such person would otherwise be subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of such person.

Section 9. Further Assurances. Each of the parties will make, execute, acknowledge and deliver such other instruments and documents, and take all such other actions, as the other party may reasonably request and as may reasonably be required in order to effectuate the purposes of this Agreement and to carry out the terms hereof.

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Section 10. Notices. All communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be addressed, if intended for Contran, to Three Lincoln Centre, 5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700, Dallas, Texas 75240, Attention: President, or such other address as it shall have furnished to NL in writing, and if intended for NL, to Two Greenspoint Plaza, 16825 Northchase Drive, Suite 1200, Houston, Texas 77060, Attention: President, or such other address as it shall have furnished to Contran in writing.

Section 11. Amendment and Modification. Neither this Agreement nor any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated other than by agreement in writing signed by the parties hereto.

Section 12. Successor and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of Contran and NL and their respective successors and assigns, except that neither party may assign its rights under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other party.

Section 13. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and interpreted in accordance with, the laws of the state of Texas.

CONTRAN CORPORATION

By: /s/Steven L. Watson Steven L. Watson President

NL INDUSTRIES, INC.

By: /s/Robert D. Hardy Robert D. Hardy Vice President

#### INTERCORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT

INTERCORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT effective as of January 1, 2001 by and between Tremont Corporation ("Tremont"), a Delaware corporation, and NL Industries, Inc. ("NL"), a New Jersey corporation.

WHEREAS, Tremont desires that NL provide certain tax services and use of NL's corporate aircraft to Tremont, and NL is willing to provide such services to Tremont pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and promises set forth herein, the parties to this Agreement agree as follows:

1. Services Provided. NL will make available to Tremont the following services (the "Services"):

- (a) consultation and assistance in tax management and administration, including, without limitation, preparation and filing of tax returns, tax reporting, examinations by government authorities and tax planning; and
- (b) use of corporate aircraft.

2. Fees for Services and Reimbursement of Expenses. During the Term (as defined below) of this Agreement, Tremont shall pay to NL an annual fee of \$79,725 (the "Annual Fee") for the Services described in paragraph 1(a) above payable in quarterly installments of \$19,931 plus all out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the performance of such Services. Regarding Services described in Paragraph 1(b), Tremont will pay to NL within thirty (30) days after receipt of an invoice an amount equal to Tremont's share of NL's corporate aircraft expenses which includes Tremont's share of the monthly management fee (computed on a per hour basis) and actual flight hour costs at a rate of \$1,875 per hour (subject to annual escalation) plus fuel variable charges, segment fees and excise taxes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that Tremont determines, in its sole discretion, that it no longer desires to provide certain of the Services, then Tremont or NL, as appropriate, shall provide the other party with a thirty (30) day prior written notice of cancellation describing the Services to be terminated or discontinued and Tremont and NL during such ninety-day period shall agree to a pro-rata reduction of the fees due hereunder for such terminated or discontinued Services.

3. Limitation of Liability. In providing Services hereunder, NL shall have a duty to act, and to cause its agents to act, in a reasonably prudent manner,

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but neither NL nor any officer, director, employee or agent of NL shall be liable to Tremont or its subsidiaries for any error of judgment or mistake of law or for any loss incurred by Tremont or its subsidiaries in connection with the matters to which this Agreement relates, except a loss resulting from willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of NL or from NL's reckless disregard of obligations and duties under this Agreement.

4. Indemnification of NL by Tremont. Tremont shall indemnify and hold harmless NL, its subsidiaries and their respective officers, directors and employees from and against any and all losses, liabilities, claims, damages, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses of litigation) to which such party may become subject arising out of the provision by NL to Tremont and its subsidiaries of any of the Services, provided that such indemnity shall not protect any such party against any liability to which such person would otherwise by subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of obligations and duties hereunder.

5. Further Assurance. Each of the parties will make, execute, acknowledge and deliver such other instruments and documents, and take all such other actions, as the other party may reasonably request and as may reasonably be required in order to effectuate the purposes of this Agreement and to carry out the terms hereof.

 $\mathbf{6.}$  Notices. All communications  $% \mathbf{1}$  hereunder shall be in writing and shall be addressed to:

If to NL:	NL Industries, Inc. 16825 Northchase Drive, Suite 1200 Houston, Texas 77060 Attention: General Counsel	
If to Tremont:	Tremont Corporation 1999 Broadway, Suite 4300 Denver, Colorado 80202 Attention: General Counsel	
or such other	address as the narties shall have specified	in

or such other address as the parties shall have specified in writing.

7. Amendment and Modification. Neither this Agreement nor any item hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated other than by agreement in writing signed by the parties hereto.

8. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the respective successors and assigns of the parties hereto, provided that this Agreement may not be assigned by either of the parties hereto without the prior written consent of the other party. 9. Miscellaneous. The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. This Agreement shall be governed in all respects, including validity, interpretation and affect, by the laws of the State of Texas.

10. Term of Agreement. This Agreement shall be effective as of January 1, 2001, and shall remain in effect for a term of one year until December 31, 2001 (the "Term"); provided, however, the Agreement shall be extended on a quarter-to-quarter basis after the expiration of the Term unless written notification is given by either party thirty (30) days in advance of the first day of each successive quarter or unless it is terminated or superseded by a subsequent written agreement of the parties hereto. Upon such termination or upon the expiration of this Agreement, the parties' rights and obligations hereunder shall cease and terminate except with respect to rights and obligations arising on or prior to the date of expiration or termination and the rights and obligations arising under paragraph 4 above.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Agreement as of the 9th day of May, 2001, which Agreement will be deemed to be effective as of January 1, 2001.

NL INDUSTRIES, INC.

By: /s/Robert D. Hardy Robert D. Hardy Vice President

TREMONT CORPORATION

By: /s/Mark A. Wallace Mark A. Wallace Vice President